

# Carboxylic Acids and Its Derivatives

## Question1

Formic acid on heating with concentrated  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  at 373 K gives  $X$ , a colourless substance and  $Y$ , a good reducing agent. The number of  $\sigma$  and  $\pi$  bonds in  $X, Y$  are respectively

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**Options:**

A.  $X = 2, 0; Y = 1, 2$

B.  $X = 1, 2; Y = 2, 2$

C.  $X = 2, 1; Y = 1, 1$

D.  $X = 1, 2; Y = 3, 3$

**Answer: A**

**Solution:**

The complete reaction is as follows,



CO has 3 bonds, 1 $\sigma$  bond and 2 $\pi$  bonds.

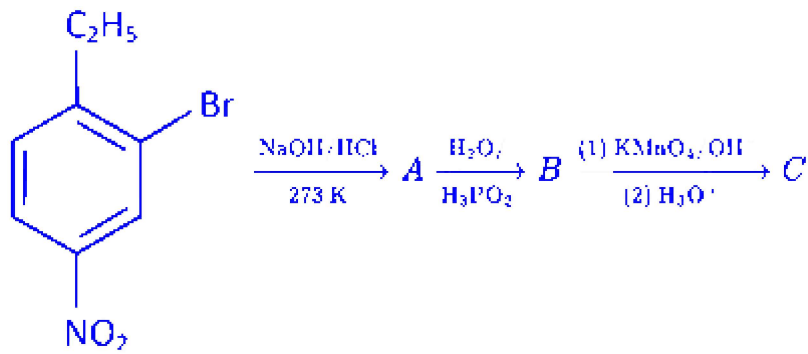
$\text{H}_2\text{O}$  has 2 bonds, both are  $\sigma$  bonds. Hence,  $X = 2, 0$  and  $Y = 1, 2$

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## Question2

What is  $C$  in the given sequence of reactions?

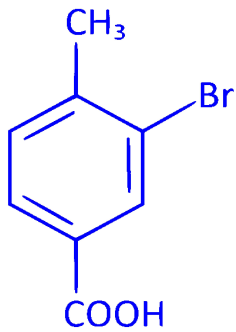




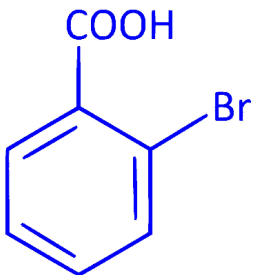
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Options:

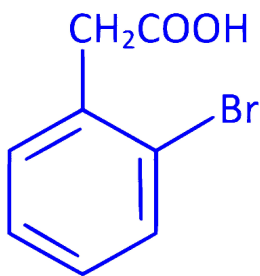
A.



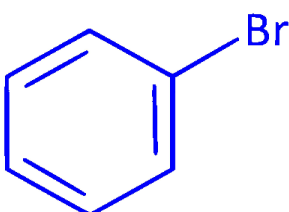
B.



C.



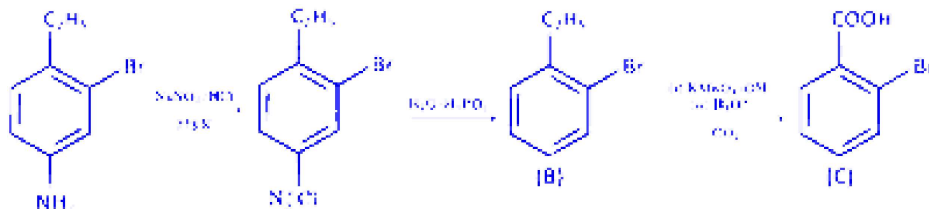
D.



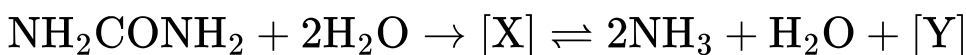
**Answer: B**

**Solution:**

The complete reaction sequence is as follows,



### Question3



The hybridisation of carbon in *X* and *Y* respectively are

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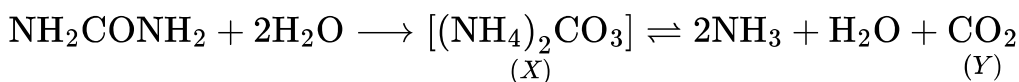
**Options:**

- A.  $sp^2, sp$
- B.  $sp, sp^2$
- C.  $sp^3, sp^2$
- D.  $sp^2, sp^3$

**Answer: A**

**Solution:**

The complete reaction sequence is as follows

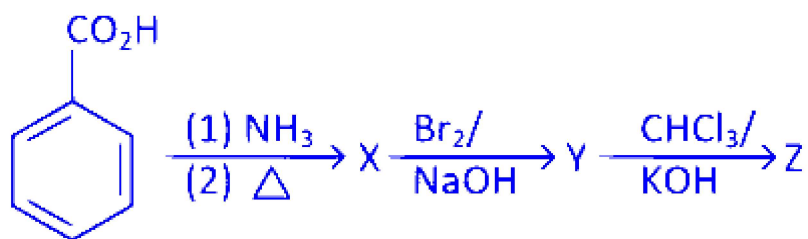


So, the hybridisation of carbon in compound *X* and *Y* are  $sp^2$  and  $sp$  respectively.

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## Question4

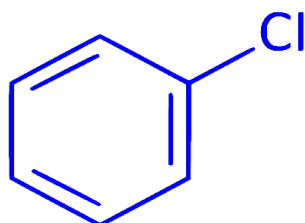
In the given reaction sequence sequence, Z is



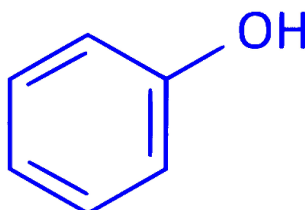
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Options:

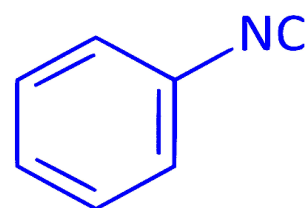
A.



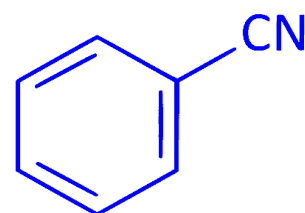
B.



C.



D.



Answer: C



## Solution:

The complete reaction is as follows.

